



Differentiated Quality of Service through Quality Aware Transformation of Web Content

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Goal: Dynamically customize multimedia objects to prevailing server, network and client characteristics

Motivating Scenario

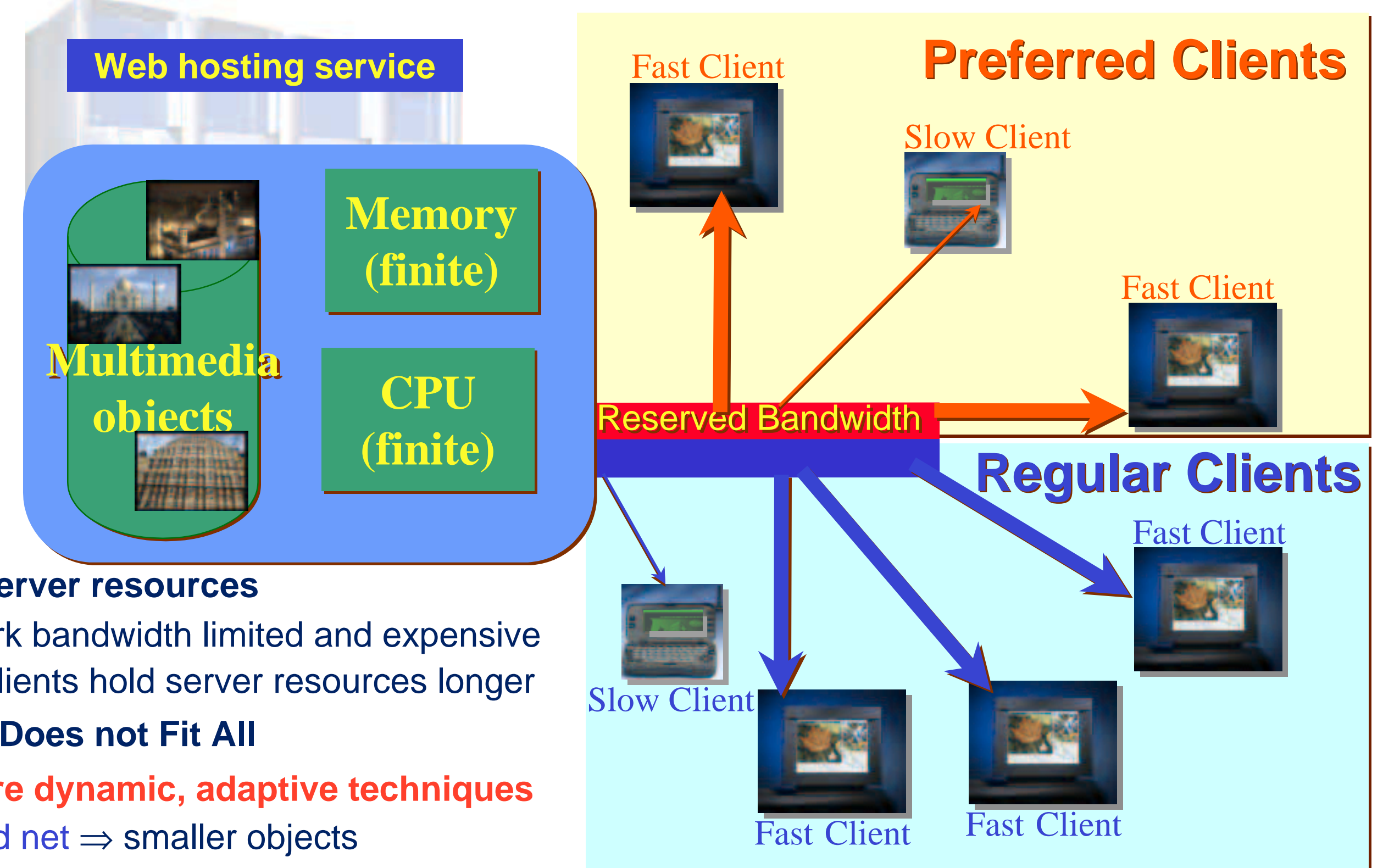
Wide spread use of web multimedia objects

Proliferation of devices that can:

- create (affordable scanners, digital cameras etc.)
- share (web, email, LAN, DSL, cable, cellular etc.)
- consume (PC, laptops, PDA etc.) multimedia objects

Differentiated QoS based on client/net characteristics:

- higher quality to preferred, paying customers
- flash crowds - control bandwidth consumption
- reasonable quality to impress potentials



Limited server resources

Network bandwidth limited and expensive
Slow clients hold server resources longer

One Size Does not Fit All

Require dynamic, adaptive techniques

Congested net \Rightarrow smaller objects

Slow net \Rightarrow faster service (smaller object) to release server resources

Paying customers \Rightarrow better quality (larger object)

Roadmap

1. Informed transcoding

Develop techniques to quantify trade-off characteristics

- measure image information quality loss
- estimate CPU overhead
- estimate expected size gain

2. Customize multimedia using informed transcoding

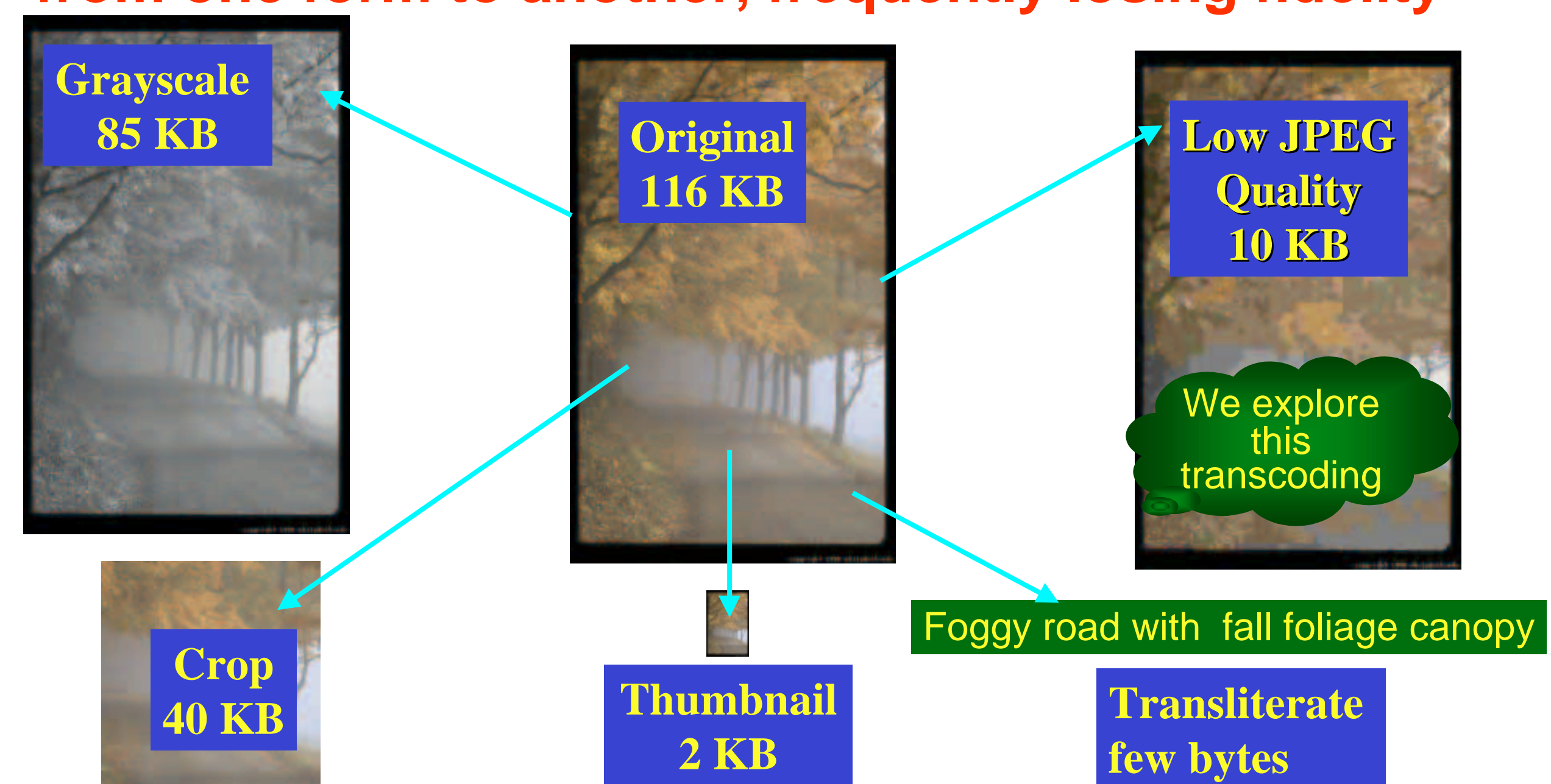
Gracefully and dynamically degrade multimedia for

- different user classes
- managing overall consumed bandwidth

Avoid unnecessary transcodings

Informed Transcoding

Transcoding is the transformation of a multimedia object from one form to another, frequently losing fidelity

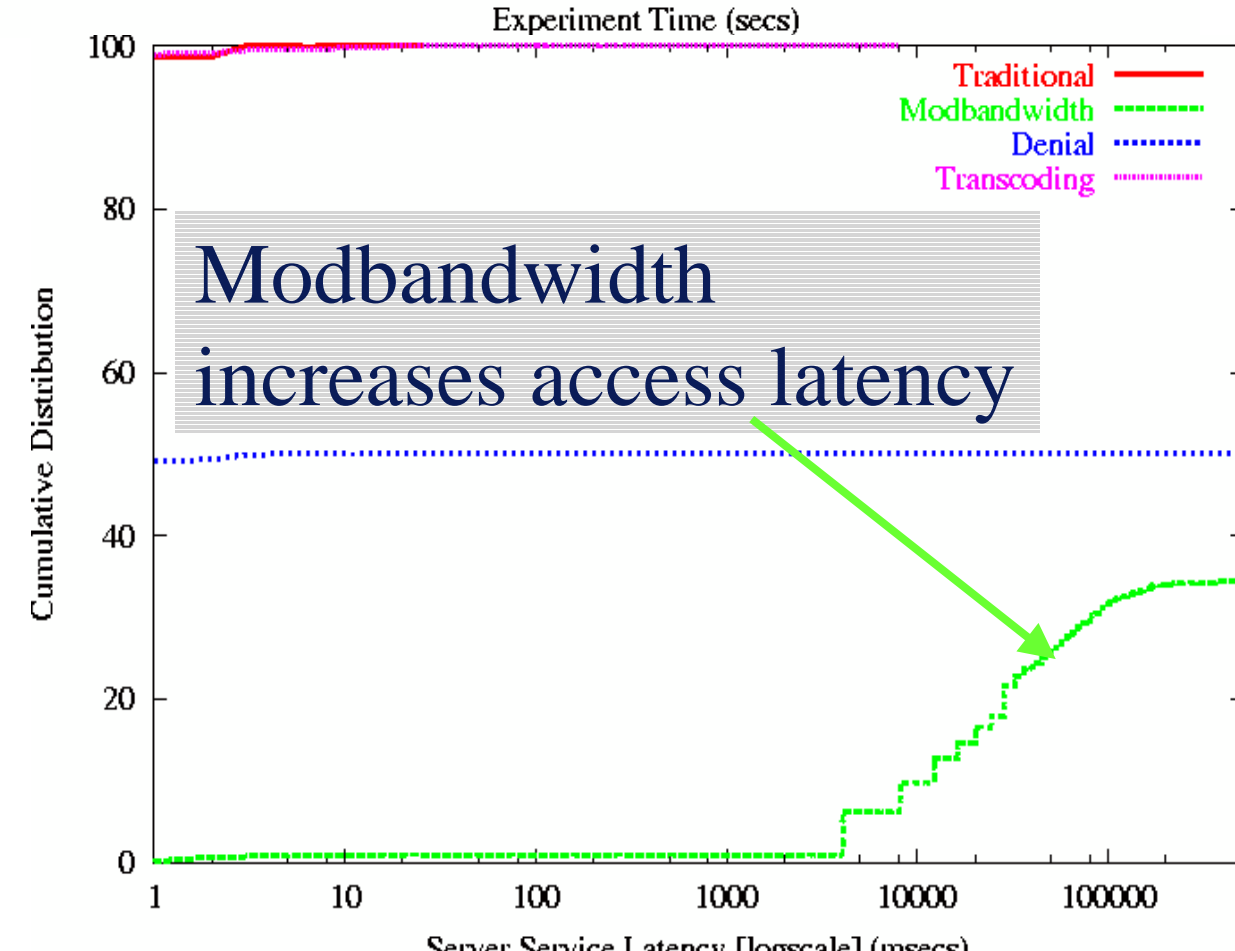
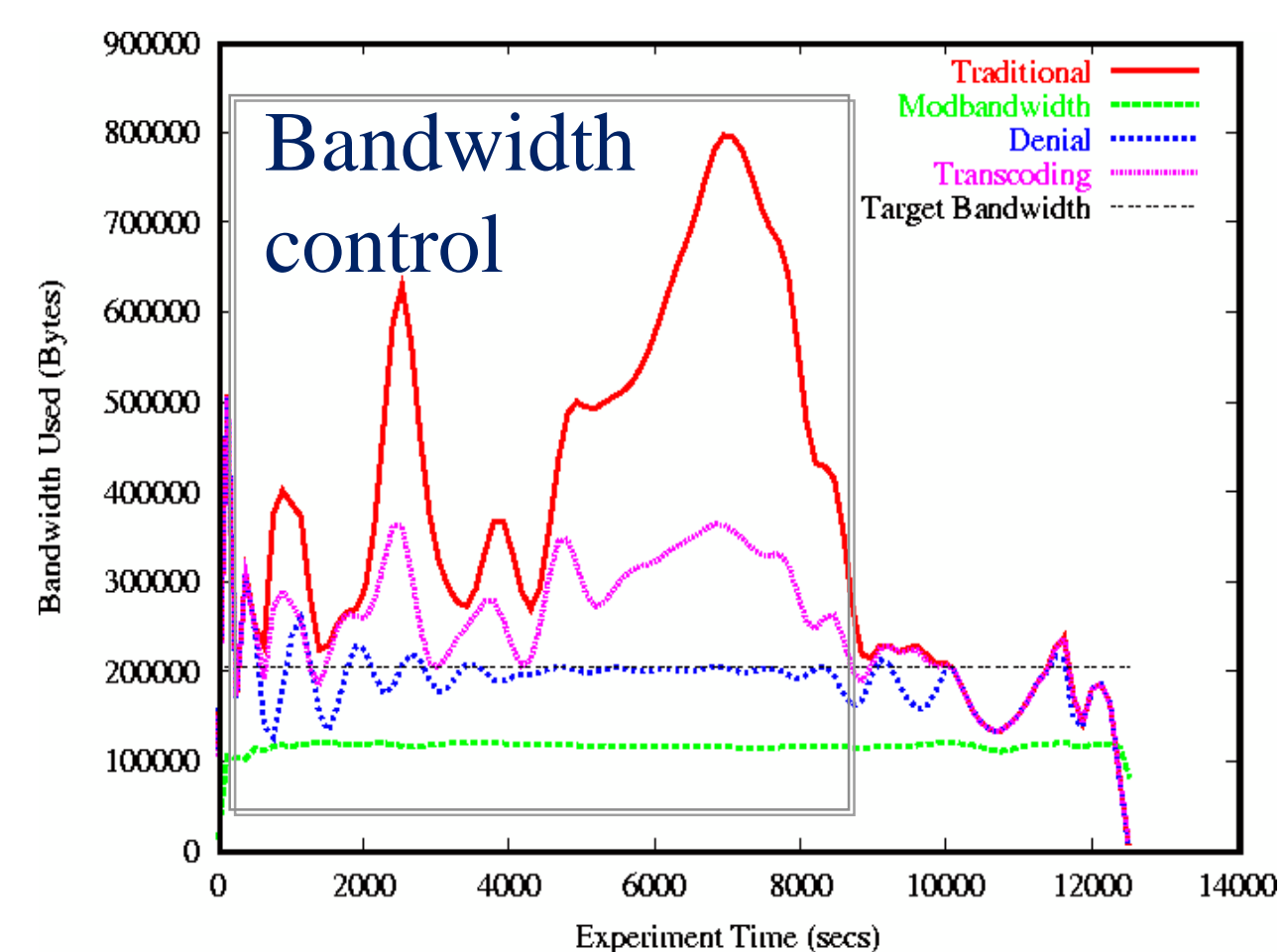


Effective when lose less in quality than gain in space saving

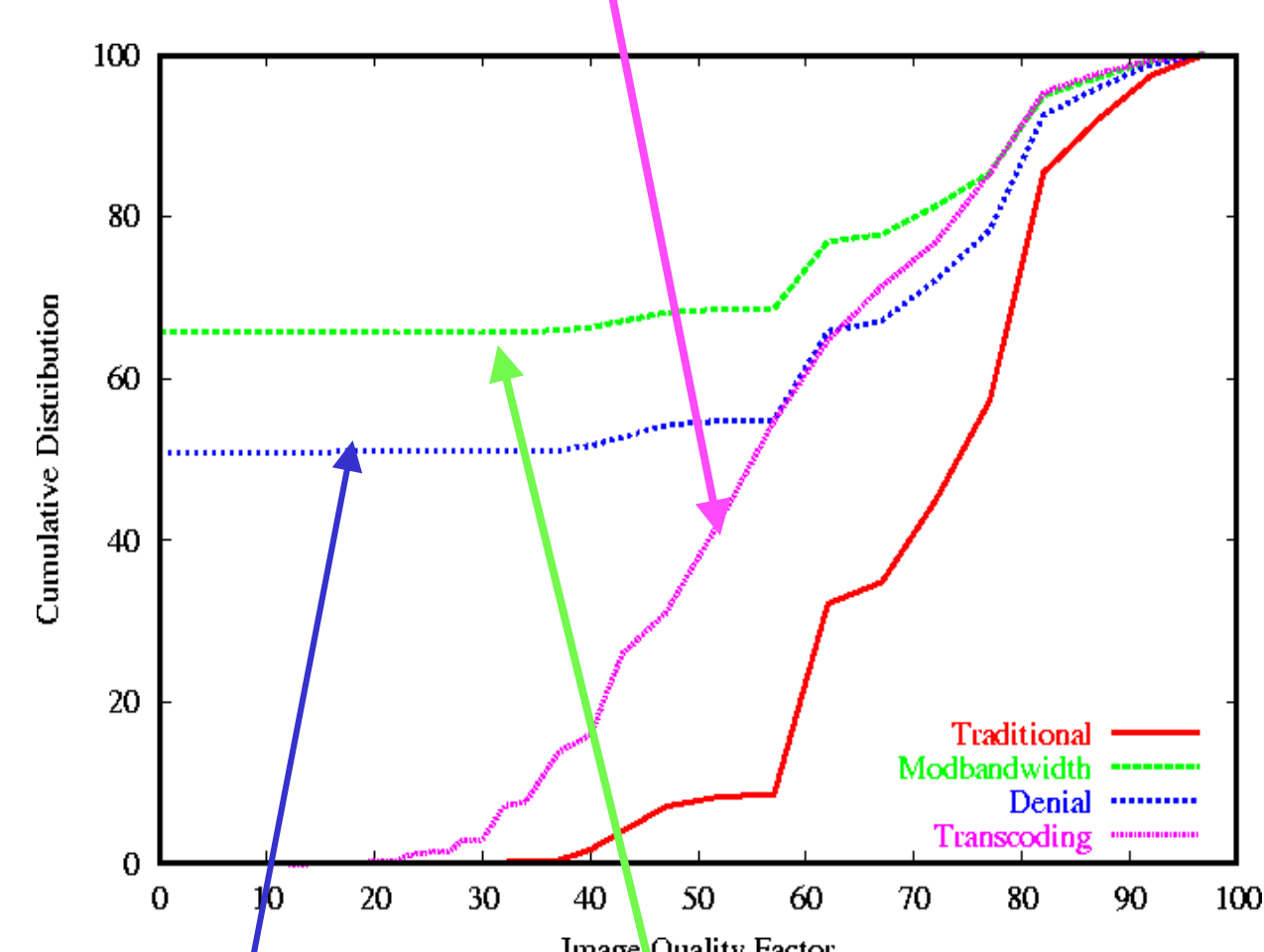
Bandwidth control

(target - 400 KB/s)

- Modbandwidth controls bandwidth by throttling packets
- Denial sends Service Denied response to control bandwidth



Transcoding follows original Quality closely



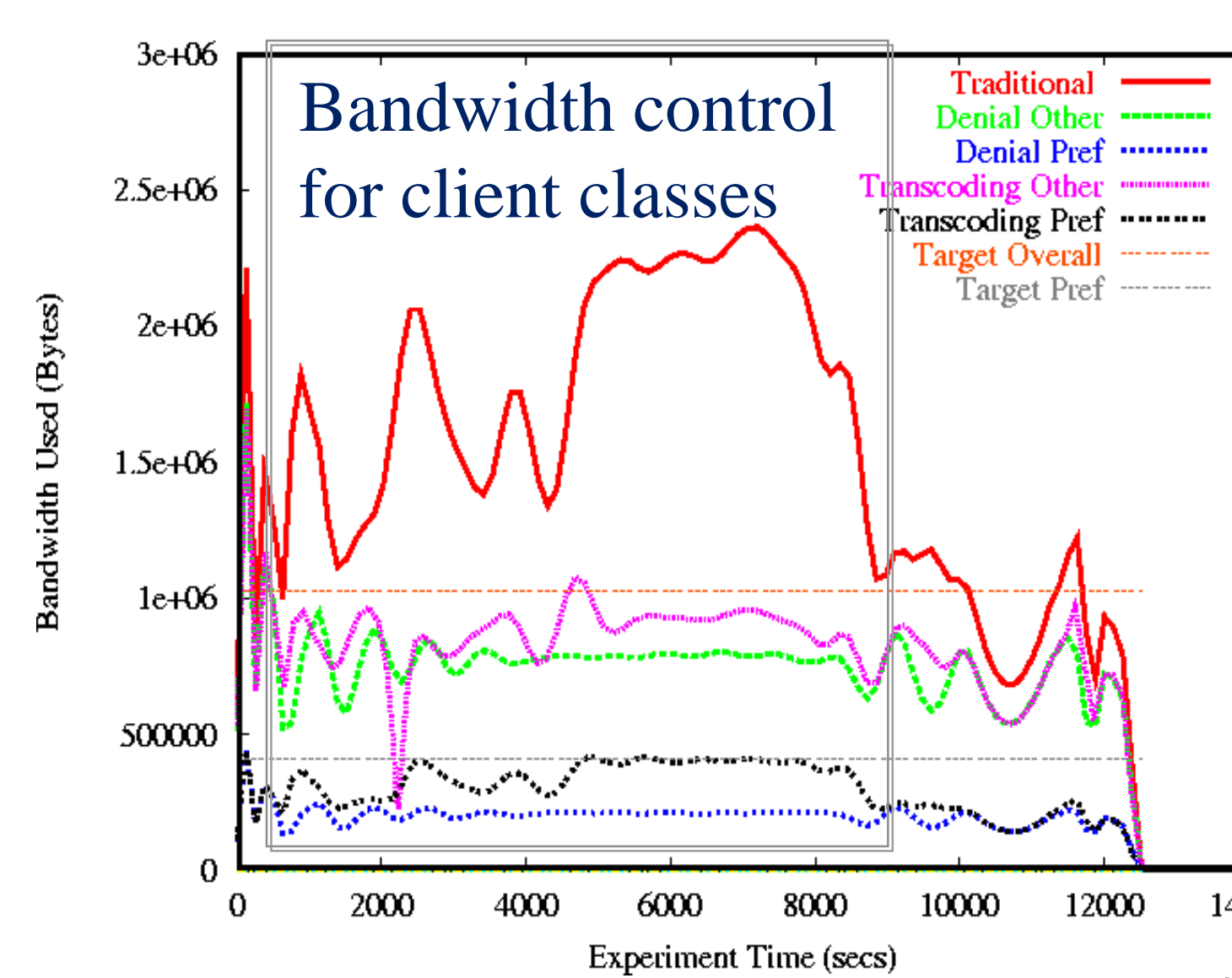
Modbandwidth refuses 65% of requests

Denial refuses 50% of requests (0 Q)

Differentiated QoS

(target - 1 MB/s; 400 KB/s for preferred clients)

- Traditional policy - Apache Web server. No QoS
- Denial policy - denies service for requests over bandwidth limit



Denial refuses 42% of requests (0 Q)

Preferred clients get better quality (similar to original)

